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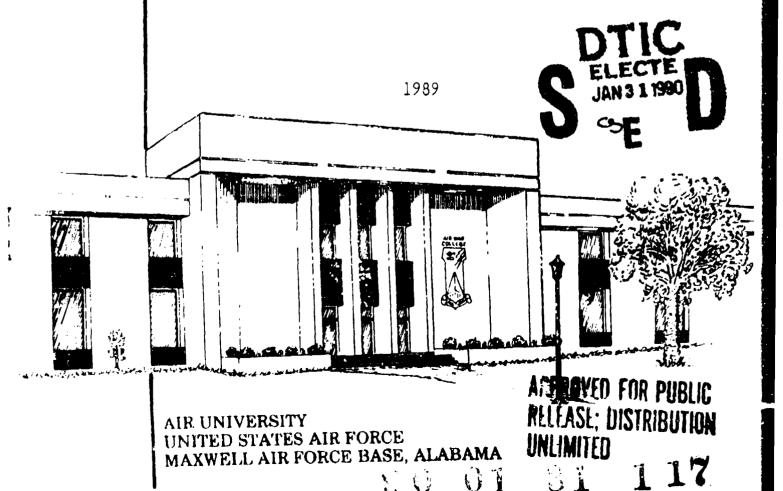


AIR WAR COLLEGE

RESEARCH REPORT

THE IMPACT OF THE NEW OFFICER EVALUATION SYSTEM

LIEUTENANT COLONEL JOHN T. MANCLARK



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AIR WAR COLLEGE AIR UNIVERSITY

THE IMPACT OF THE NEW OFFICER EVALUATION SYSTEM

bу

John T. Manclark
Lieutenant Colonel, USAF

A DEFENSE ANALYTICAL STUDY SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY

IN

FULFILLMENT OF THE CURRICULUM

REQUIREMENT

Advisor: Colonel Frederick M. Beatty

MAXWELL AIR FORCE BASE, ALABAMA
May 1989

DISCLAIMER

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

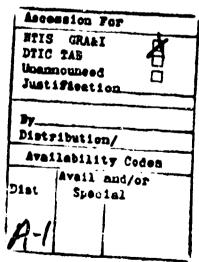
TITLE: The impact of the Officer Evaluation System

AUTHOR: John T. Manclark, Lieutenant Colonel, USAF

A survey of officers attending Squadron Officer School, Air Command and Staff College, and Air War College during Academic year 1989 was conducted. An analysis of the perceptions and attitudes of the 523 respondents indicates that the Officer Evaluation System has been well received and has caused very little impact on the morale and career aspirations of the officer corps. Recommendations on how to improve the Officer Evaluation System are provided.

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BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

Lieutenant Colonel John T. Manclark (M.S. Troy State University) is a Command Pilot who has served in PACAF, USAFE, and TAC and was commander of the 4477th TES "Red Eagles." In addition to his tactical flying assignments he has served a tour at HQ TAC/Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel. He is a graduate of Armed Forces Staff College and is a graduate of the Air War College, class of 1989

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCT: ON

Statement of the Problem

The United States Air Force's revised Officer Evaluation System is the performance appraisal system for the Officer Corps. The OES is used for motivation, promotion, assignments, and reduction in force. This study will analyze the USAF Officer Corps' perceptions and acceptance of the new OES, and compare these results with previous perceptions and attitudes of a quota system and make appropriate recommendations.

Background

In August 1988, the United States Air Force (USAF) introduced a new Officer Evaluation System (OES). General Larry D. Welch stated that the officer corps was uncomfortable with the current OER and that a new evaluation system was a necessity. Prior to the August 1988 implementation

date, the USAF conducted an extensive program which involved numerous press releases and briefings in addition to a formal education program. The goal of this program was to minimize any adverse impact of the new OES on the attitudes and aspirations of the USAF Officer Corps. The new OES contains a quota system that is used to eliminate the inflationary trends that have inflicted all our previous rating systems. The last quota system utilized by the USAF was eliminated in the fall of 1978 due to the officer corps' unhappiness with the basic quota system.

The CES quota system is applied to Promotion Recommendations and is controlled by the Senior Rater who is the Wing Commander or his equivalent. An officer who is eligible for promotion in the primary zone or above the zone will receive a promotion recommendation. There are three possible promotion recommendations:

Do Not Promote

Promote

Definitely Promote

The Definitely Promote recommendations are limited by the following percentages:

Flumotion to	Definitely Fromote Allocation
Captain	90%
Major	65%
Lt Coionel	45%
Colonel	25%

Promotion recommendations are also utilized for below-the-zone promotions. A promotion recommendation will only be given to those officers who are selected to receive a "Definitely Promote" recommendation. The Definitely Promote recommendations for promotion below-the-zone are limited by the following percentages:

Promotion to	Definitely	Promote	Allocation
Captain		N/A	
Major		10%	
Lt Colonel		10%	
Colonel		15%	

Objective

The objective of this study is to analyze the USAF Officer Corps' and acceptance of the new GES, including the historically controversial quota system, and compare the results with the perceptions and attitudes that led to the elimination of our last quota system, and make appropriate recommendations.

Approach to the Problem

A volunteer questionnaire was distributed to USAF Officers attending the Professional Military Education (PME) programs in residence at Maxwell AFB, Alabama. The questions were designed to measure the attitudes and perceptions the Officer Corps has towards the OES. The questions and analysis, when possible, were modeled after the Air Command and Staff study "Impact of the New OER System-1977" to aid in obtaining a comparison in officer attitudes to those attitudes and perceptions that forced the elimination of our last quota system. An analysis of the ponses and a comparison were completed and recommendation of mulated.

Limitations

The study was limited to officers attending PME in residence. These officers, in particular those officers attending ACSC and AWC, have been screened by a competitive process and their records do not, in all cases, reflect a cross-section of the USAF. In addition, the officers' perceptions and attitudes on the OES are a result of a limited exposure to the GES and are subject to change as their exposure. Although the factors are significant, they are not considered a major limitation in measuring the Officer Corps' current perception and attitudes on the OES.

Significance of the Work

Any performance rating of an individual is a very

emotional and controversial subject to the ratee. The significance of the OES cannot be underestimated for it is a key factor in motivation, promotion, assignments and reduction in force. How the officer corps views the OES and the fairness of the evaluation system has an impact on the individuals performance, motivation, career aspirations, and ultimately on mission accomplishment. Although the majority of the officers surveyed have not been rated under the OES, their current attitudes and perceptions in addition to their preconceived opinions, are important indicators that can be useful in predicting the need for change in addition to predicting the future of the OES.

CHAPTER !!

Survey Questionnaire

The purpose of this chapter is to provide background information on the survey questionnaire including the formulation of the survey questions, the approval authority, the processing of the survey and the analysis of the data. A copy of the questionnaire is included in Appendix A.

The survey questionnaire was modeled after the questions utilized in the Air Com-nd and Staff study "Impact of the New GER System-1977." The same questions, when possible, were used to aid in an overall comparisons of officer's attitudes and perceptions. Questions that were unique to the controlled OER were deleted and some questions that are unique to the new OES were added.

The questionnaire contains a total of 47 questions. There are nine questions designed to obtain demographic data and 38 questions designed to obtain information on the attitudes and perceptions the officers have on the OES. The questionnaire also offered the officers the opportunity to express any written comments that they felt were pertinent to the subject.

The questionnaire was reviewed by AWC/XPX and approved

by AU/XPZ and was assigned Air University Control Number 89-05. The review and approval process were aimed at minimizing bias in the questionnaire. The questionnaire was composed of three separate sections: Data items, Demographic data, and comments. Questions contained in the data item section required an answer of agree, neutral or disagree. Although this limited the possible choices it was essential in the correlation of data to the earlier study. The questions contained in section 2, demographic data, were selected to provide categories of response to aide in the evaluation process. Section 3 of the questionnaire was provided to obtain any response the officer felt pertinent and it also requested comments on the areas the individual liked best and least about the OES.

The survey was administered in mid- December 1988. The following details the response

Survey Response

School	# Surveyed	# Response	% of Total
			Surveyed
sos	400	332	83%
ACSC	200	85	42%
AWC	135	106	78%
All	735	523	71%

The answers to the questionnaire were recorded on an Air University Form 4 and analyzed by the Air University Data

Automation office. Written comments were recorded and analyzed separately. The overall response rate was considered to be acceptable. There is no apparent explanation why the response rate at ACSC was low when compared to the other two schools.

CHAPTER III

Demographic Data

This chapter will present the demographic information on the officer population surveyed. Some of this data will be used later in the analysis of responses. A total of 523 officers completed the questionnaire.

CURRENT GRADE

	% Lt	% Capt	% Maj	% Lt Col	% Col	
sos	.5	99.5				
ACSC			100.0			
AWC				84.0	16.0	
A 11		63.0	17.0	17.0	3.0	

This data indicates that the major input of data was made by captains assigned to SOS.

YEARS IN GRADE

	1 or less	2	3	4	5 or greater
SOS	30%	40%	15%	4%	11%
ACSC	17%	49%	34%		
AWC	20%	19%	30%	28%	3%
All	26%	37%	21%	7%	9%

As expected, almost 3/4 of the SOS students had less

than three years in their current grade.

TOTAL ACTIVE FEDERAL COMMISSIONED SERVICE DATE (TAFCSD)

	83-87	78-82	73-77	68-72	67 or earlier
sos	55%	41%	4%		
ACSC		5%	92%	3%	
AWC			7 %	86%	7%
All	35%	27%	18%	18%	2%

This chart provides data on the commissioned service date of the officers and indicates that over 60% of the officers have less than 10 years commissioned service.

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	Pilot	Navigator	Non-Rated
sos	26%	15%	59%
ACSC	32%	19%	49%
AWC	49%	10%	41%
All	32%	14%	54%

HIGHEST LEVEL OF ASSIGNMENT HELD

	Sq	Wing	NAF	MAJCOM	HQ USAF
SOS	45%	37%	4%	11%	3%
ACSC	5%	15%	15%	40%	25%
AWC	1 %	5%	10%	38%	46%
All	39%	27%	7%	21%	15%

The above data indicates the highest level of assignment held by the SOS students has generally been limited to base level experience while 60% of the ACSC students have served at MAJCOM or higher. Almost 50% of the AWC students have served at HQ USAF. It is interesting to note that in the 1977 OER study only 48% of the ACSC had served at MAJCOM or higher and only 31% of the AWC students had served a HQ USAF level.

MOST RECENT OER CLOSEOUT LEVEL

	Col	B Gen	M Gen	Lt Gen	Gen
sos	64%	23%	11%	2%	
ACSC	4%	2%	46%	40%	8%
AWC	3%	3%	10%	65%	19%
All	42%	15%	16%	21%	6%

This chart reflects the level of endorsement the respondents received on their last OER. Nine out of ten ACSC students have received a two-star endorsement while eight out of ten AWC students received a three-star or higher endorsement on their last OER.

YEARS EXPERIENCE AS A RATING OR REVIEWING OFFICIAL ON OERS

	0-2	3-4	5-6	7-8	9 or greater
sos	89%	9%	2%		
ACSC	46%	22%	16%	9%	7%
AWC	9%	12%	14%	8%	57 %
A 1 1	66%	12%	6%	3%	13%

In addition to being asked demographic data, the students were asked two questions concerning their perceived knowledge of the OES and their source of information.

YOUR ESTIMATE OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF THE NEW OES.

	VERY DETAILED	DETAILED	GENERAL	UNINFORMED
sos	2%	27%	67%	4%
ACSC	4%	39%	56%	1 %
AWC	7%	34%	59%	0%
ALL	3%	31%	63%	3%

These results indicate that a large percentage of the students perceive their knowledge of the OES ranges from a general understanding to a detailed understanding.

YOUR PRIMARY SOURCE OF INFORMATION ON THE OES.

	FORMAL	NEWS	TRAINING
	BRIEFINGS	ARTICLES	CLASSES
SOS	69%	13%	18%
ACSC	92%	2%	6%
AWC	74%	0%	26%
ALL	74%	8%	18%

The primary source of the students knowledge of the new OES was the formal briefings conducted by the MAJCOMs.

In summary, the demographic data indicates a broad range of experience with over 60% of the respondents having less than 10 years commissioned service and less than two years experience as a rating or reviewing officer. This completes the chapter on demographic data. The next chapter will present the survey results.

CHAPTER IV

This chapter will present the results of the survey and will compare, when possible, these results to the results of the 1977 survey. The questions have been separated into sub-groups to assist in the analysis of the officer corps' attitudes and perceptions. These sub-groups are: general characteristics, fairness, career aspirations, performance and motivation, and competition and cooperation.

The survey results will be presented in three separate categories. First, the results will be presented by school. Second, the results will be presented by the respondents last OER endorsement level and finally the results will be presented by the respondents aeronautical rating.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

QUESTION: THE NEW DES IS HERE TO STAY.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		39		46		15
ACSC		27		40		33
AWC		43		33		24
ALL		38		42		20

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	×	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		38		47		15
BRIG GENERAL		45		44		11
MAJ GENERAL		31		41		28
LT GENERAL		40		36		24
GENERAL		39		25		36

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		42		40		18
NAVIGATOR		33		44		23
NON RATED		38		43		19

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: THE NEW OER IS HERE TO STAY.

SCHOOL

	* AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	54	27		19
ACSC	5 5	23		22
AWC	64	24		20
ALL	56	24		20

These results indicate that only 4 out of 10 officers believe the new OES is here to stay with an almost equal number choosing the neutral reply. This certainly indicates a large number of the officers are willing to wait and see and at least give the new system a chance. When we compare these results with the 1977 data we find a much larger percentage of officers believed the controlled OER was "here to stay" although the controlled OER was eliminated a little over a year after the survey.

QUESTION: IN TODAY'S AIR FORCE ENVIRONMENT, THE INFLATION OF OFFICER EVALUATIONS CAN BE BEST MANAGED WITH A CONTROLLED QUOTA OF PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
SOS	18	43	39
ACSC	30	27	43
AWC	29	38	33
ALL	22	40	38

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		20		42		38
BRIG GENERAL		16		49		35
MAJ GENERAL		27		27		46
LT GENERAL		21		42		37
GENERAL		46		21		33

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		27		35		38
NAVIGATOR		16		47		37
NON RATED		21		40		39

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION; IN TODAY'S AIR FORCE ENVIROMENT, THE INFLATION OF GFFICER EVALUATIONS CAN BE MANAGED BEST WITH A CONTROLLED DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
S0 S	54	17	29
ACSC	46	17	37
AWC	63	10	27
ALL	53	16	31

These results indicate that there is not a very large percentage of students that currently support a quota system. Although there are a considerable number of students neutral on the subject, in every category but one, there are more officers that disagree than agree with managing inflation with a quota system. When compared to the 1977 data, it appears that resistance to a quota has increased. Obviously as exposure to the system increases the neutral responses should decrease.

QUESTION: THE EXTREMELY HIGH NUMBER OF OFFICERS THAT RECEIVED A TOP RATING ON THE OLD OER REQUIRED A NEW EVALUATION SYSTEM.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	63	27	10
ACSC	56	25	19
AWC	62	11	27
ALL	62	23	15

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	67	23	10
BRIG GENERAL	56	30	14
MAJ GENERAL	61	22	17
LT GENERAL	54	23	23
GENERAL	71	11	18

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	67	17	16
NAVIGATOR	59	27	14
NON RATED	59	27	14

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: WITH APPROXIMATELY 9 OUT OF 10 OFFICERS RECEIVING A TOP RATING UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM, A NEW EVALUATION SYSTEM WAS NEEDED.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	92	3	5
ACSC	87	4	9
AWC	87	2	11
ALL	89	3	8

These results indicate that there is solid support for a new system. In every category and sub-group over 50% of the students felt a new system was required and in most cases, less than 20% of the officers disagreed with having a new system. A comparison to the 1977 study indicates there is considerably less support for a new system now than in 1977. This could indicate that the officer corps was more comfortable with the uncontrolled OER system than the corps was with the old 9-4 system.

QUESTION: THE PERCENTAGE OF DEFINITELY PROMOTE RATINGS AVAILABLE AT EACH RANK SHOULD NOT BE INCREASED OR DECREASED DEPENDING ON THE LEVEL OF ASSIGNMENT.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	%	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		33		45		22
ACSC		37		37		26
AWC		38		29		33
ALL		34		41		25

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	*	AGREE	%	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
COLONEL		31		46		23
BRIG GENERAL		40		43		17
MAJ GENERAL		30		43		27
LT GENERAL		41		30		29
GENERAL		32		25		43

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		30		42		28
NAVIGATOR		26		43		31
NON RATED		40		39		21

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: A SINGLE DISTRIBUTION CURVE SHOULD BE UTI-LIZED THROUGHOUT THE AIR FORCE REGARDLESS OF LEVEL OF ASSIGN-MENT.

SCHOOL

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		28		25		47
ACSC		27		23		50
AWC		38		15		47
ALL		30		22		48

The students seem fairly well distributed on this subject. In the 1977 survey there was 50% of the students who did not agree with a constant percentage. At that time, there was significant controversy over officers on the Air Staff receiving a three rating. The students who now agree or who are neutral may have been convinced that under the new OES a "Promote" rating is really promotable.

QUESTION: UNDER THE NEW OES, GRADUATE EDUCATION AND PHE ARE LESS IMPORTANT THAN UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM.

SCHOOL

	* AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
SOS	54	23	23
ACSC	46	23	31
AWC	49	20	31
ALL	52	22	26

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	×	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		53		23		24
BRIG GENERAL		58		21		21
MAJ GENERAL		44		28		28
LT GENERAL		43		22		35
GENERAL		82		4		14

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREÉ	%	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		44		25		31
NAVIGATOR		59		19		22
NON RATED		54		22		24

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: UNDER THE NEW OER SYSTEM, GRADUATE EDUCATION AND COMPLETION OF CORRESPONDENCE COURSES (ECI) ARE LESS IMPORTANT THAN UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
SOS	28	13	59
ACSC	32	14	49
AWC	44	13	43
ALL	35	13	52

Historically, graduate degrees and PME have been perceived as an important part of an officers record. The recent initiative to down play the importance on advanced degrees and PME and focus on job performance has had results. Over 50% of our students believe that there is decreased emphasis on these areas. When compared to the 1977 study there is a significant difference in the perceptions.

QUESTION: THE TRULY OUTSTANDING OFFICER IS IDENTIFIED MORE EASILY UNDER THE NEW OES.

SCHOOL.

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		43		40		17
ACSC		29		44		27
AWC		45		30		25
ALL		41		39		20

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	×	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		44		44		12
BRIG GENERAL		44		36		20
MAJ GENERAL		37		29		34
LT GENERAL		38		37		25
GENERAL		38		46		18

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		41		38		21
NAVIGATOR		33		48		19
NON RATED		45		35		20

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: THE TRULY OUTSTANDING OFFICER IS IDENTIFIED MORE EASILY UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
SOS	71	14	15
ACSC	70	10	20
AWC	72	11	17
ALL	71	12	17

It has been perceived that inflation has made it difficult to identify our outstanding officers but less than half of the students believe the new OES will make the identification easier. The large percentage of neutral responses indicates a wait and see attitude. The 1977 data indicates that there was a significant perception that the controlled OER did make identification easier.

QUESTION: I AM GENERALLY PLEASED WITH THE NEW OES.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
SOS		49		46		5
ACSC		34		41		25
AWC		45		38		17
ALL		45		44		11

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	×	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		47		49		4
BRIG GENERAL		55		39		G
MAJ GENERAL		39		42		19
LT GENERAL		38		44		18
GENERAL		54		21		25

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		52		37		11
NAV I GATOR		48		3 6		16
NON RATED		42		49		9

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: I AM GENERALLY PLEASED WITH THE NEW SYSTEM.

SCHOOL .

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	58	12		30
ACSC	43	13		44
AWC	54	5		41
ALL	52	11		37

These results indicate that 45% of the students like the new OES and 43% are neutral or willing to give the system a chance. These figures indicate a receptive attitude. As the students receive increased experience with the OES the number of neutral opinions should decrease. The 1977 data indicates the students were more opinionated due to their increased experience with the system. The 1977 students had a significantly larger number displeased with the OER

QUESTION: THER IS VERY LITTLE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE NEW DES AND THE 1-2-3 SYSTEM.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	* NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	12	43		45
ACSC	34	21		45
AWC	34	16		50
ALL	20	34		46

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
COLONEL		12		42		46
BRIG GENERAL		12		35		53
MAJ GENERAL		29		33		38
LT GENERAL		31		21		48
GENERAL		32		25		43

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
PILOT		19		30	51
NAVIGATOR		28		39	33
NON RATED		19		34	47

This data indicates that there is generally a good perception of the new OES and the system is not generally considered a replay of old 1-2-3 system. ACSC and AWC had a significantly large percentage of students associate the OES with the 1-2-3 system.

SUMMARY

In most cases, the respondents have indicated a very healthy attitude towards the new OES. Over 60% of the students agreed that a new evaluation system was needed and only 11% of the students indicated that they are not pleased with the OES although, 44% of the students had a wait and see attitude. In addition, a large number of students are not convinced that inflation can be best controlled with a quota system. There is less support for a quota system now than in 1977, but there is a better overall acceptance of the OES. The next section will analyze how the students perceive the overall fairness of the OES.

FAIRNESS

QUESTION: THE OES' CONTROLLED DISTRIBUTION OF PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS IS A FAIR METHOD OF ELIMINATING INFLATION.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISACREE
SOS		35		46		19
ACSC		29		47		24
AWC		36		36		28
ALL		34		44		22

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

,	AGREE	* NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
COLONEL	38	47		15
BRIG GENERAL	34	49		17
MAJ GENERAL	25	46		29
LT GENERAL	34	36		30
GENERAL	43	32		25

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	×	AGREE	×	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		36		43		21
NAVIGATOR		35		41		24
NON RATED		33		45		22

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: THE CONTROLLED DISTRIBUTION RATING ASPECT OF THE NEW OER SYSTEM IS A FAIR METHOD OF ELIMINATING INFLATED RATINGS,

	* A	GREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	4	5		20		35
ACSC	3	6		15		49
AWC	5	0		13		37
ALL	4	3		16		41

These results indicate that only two out of ten of the students do not agree that the OES' controlled distribution of promotion recommendations is a fair method of eliminating inflation, but once again, there is a significant number of neutral responses. It is interesting to note, that 34% of the students think it is a fair method, but only 22% of the students agreed that inflation can be best managed with a quota on promotion recommendations.

QUESTION: SENIOR RATERS ARE GENERALLY QUALIFIED TO DE-CIDE WHO ACTUALLY RECEIVES PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		50		35		15
ACSC		66		20		14
AWC		67		25		8
Al.L		56		31		13

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		50		36		14
BRIG GENERAL		60		29		11
MAJ GENERAL		5 6		26		18
LT GENERAL		60		29		11
GENERAL		86		7		7

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		62		29		9
NAVIGATOR		56		29		15
NON RATED		53		31		16

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION; REVIEWING OFFICIALS ARE GENERALLY QUALIFIED TO DECIDE WHO ACTUALLY GETS THE TOP TWO RATINGS.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	33	19		48
ACSC	35	19		46
AWC	44	15		41
ALL	36	18		46

QUESTION: SENIOR RATERS (WING COMMANDERS OR EQUIVALENT)
ARE QUALIFIED TO PROVIDE BELOW-THE-ZONE PROHOTION RECOMMENDATIONS.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	%	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		63		27		10
ACSC		69		18		13
AWC		80		11		9
ALL		68		22		10

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

×	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL	65		26		9
BRIG GENERAL	64		24		12
MAJ GENERAL	67		21		12
LT GENERAL	73		15		12
GENERAL	86		11		3

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		72		20		8
NAVIGATOR		63		29		8
NON RATED		66		21		13

The last two questions were utilized to analyze the students confidence in our Senior Raters and their perception of the fairness of the decision level being placed at the Senior Rater level. Over half the students believe the that Senior Raters are qualified to decide who receives the promotion ratings and only 13% disagreed. When we compare these results to the 1977 study it indicates that our officer corps has significantly increased confidence in the integrity and qualifications of our Wing Commanders and our senior leaders.

QUESTION: RATERS AND ADDITIONAL RATERS ARE GENERALLY QUALIFIED TO RECOMMEND WHO SHOULD RECEIVE DEFINITELY PROMOTE RECOMMENDATIONS.

SCHOOL.

	* AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	48	38		14
ACSC	59	25		16
AWC	66	23		11
ALL	54	32		14

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		48		38		14
BRIG GENERAL		51		30		19
MAJ GENERAL		54		31		15
LT GENERAL		61		25		14
GENERAL		75		18		7

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	%	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		52		35		13
NAV I GATOR		60		23		17
NON RATED		53		34		13

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: RATING OFFICIALS ARE GENERALLY QUALIFIED TO RECOMMEND WHO SHOULD GET THE TOP TWO RATINGS.

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
SOS	73	12	15
ACSC	77	10	13
AWC	83	8	9
ALL	76	11	13

These results indicate that the students also have significant confidence in our mid-level leadership as well as our senior leadership. The major difference between these results and the 1977 results is the current number of students that have a neutral opinion.

QUESTION: THE FREQUENCY OF CONTACT BETWEEN THE RATEE AND THE SENIOR RATER IS AN IMPORTANT CONSIDERATION UNDER THE DES.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
SOS	82	12	6
ACSC	81	12	7
AWC	82	13	5
ALL	82	12	6

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

•	M AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
COLONEL	83	12	5
BRIG GENERAL	79	11	10
MAJ GENERAL	87	9	4
LT GENERAL	81	14	5
GENERAL	82	11	7

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		85		11		9
NAVIGATOR		83		12		5
NON RATED		81		13		6

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: FREQUENCY OF CONTACT BETWEEN THE RATEE AND REVIEWER IS AN IMPORTANT CONSIDERATION UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM.

SCH00L

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
50S	92	4	4
ACSC	95	3	2
AWC	90	7	3
ALL	93	4	3

QUESTION: OFFICERS WHO ARE GEOGRAPHICALLY SEPARATED FROM THEIR SENIOR RATER ARE IN AN UNFAVORABLE POSITION UNDER THE NEW OES.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
SOS	70	24	6
ACSC	76	19	5
AWC	76	15	9
ALL	72	22	6

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	% AGREE	% NEUTRA	L % DISAGREE
COLONEL	67	27	6
BRIG GENERAL	75	20	5
MAJ GENERAL	75	19	6
LT GENERAL	79	16	5
GENERAL	75	11	14

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		75		19		6
NAVIGATOR		79		17		4
NON RATED		69		24		7

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: OFFICERS WHO ARE GEOGRAPHICALLY SEPARATED FROM THEIR SENIOR RATER ARE IN AN UNFAVORABLE POSITION UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM.

	% AGREE	★ NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
SOS	76	19	5
ACSC	86	10	4
AWC	85	9	6
ALL	82	13	5

The results of the last two questions indicate that the major percentage of students see the frequency of contact or "exposure" is a very important element of an evaluation. The "out of sight out of mind" perception is very strong. The 1977 study indicates very little difference overall. This perception is not unique to the OES and would probably be held regardless of the type of evaluation system, and may explain why many officers attempt to avoid positions that are separated from their rater.

QUESTION: OFF DUTY ACTIVITIES (SOCIAL, CIVIC, ETC) WILL PLAY A MORE IMPORTANT ROLE IN INFLUENCING THE RATING PROCESS UNDER THE NEW OES THAN UNDER THE OLD RATING SYSTEM.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
SOS		15		25		60
ACSC		20		25		55
AWC		23		27		50
ALL		17		25		58

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		14		26		60
BRIG GENERAL		18		22		60
MAJ GENERAL		19		25		58
LT GENERAL		26		24		50
GENERAL		7		32		61

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	×	DISAGREE
PILOT		15		33		52
NAVIGATOR		23		21		56
NON RATED		18		21		61

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: OFF DUTY ACTIVITIES (SOCIAL, CIVIC, ETC) WILL PLAY A MORE IMPORTANT ROLE IN INFLUENCING THE RATING PROCESS UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM THAN UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM.

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		43		27		30
ACSC		30		24		48
AWC		22		28		50
ALL		34		26		40

These results indicate that the students believe that the new OES and the rating process are focused on job performance and they believe in the integrity of our leaders. Overall this expresses a good attitude. This perception is different than the 1977 survey where the students believed that off-duty activities had increased importance.

QUESTION: WHEN THE SENIOR RATER FINALIZES THE PROMOTION RECOMMENDATION, AFSC (CAREER FIELD) BECOMES A BIAS IN THE NEW OES.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
SOS	37	54	9
ACSC	51	41	8
AWC	39	48	13
ALL	39	49	12

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

,	AGREE	* NEUTRAL	M DISAGREE
COLONEL	38	53	9
BRIG GENERAL	25	60	15
MAJ GENERAL	48	45	7
LT GENERAL	46	37	17
GENERAL	39	36	25

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT	27	53		20
NAVIGATOR	39	47		14
NON RATED	46	46		8

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: WHEN THE REVIEWER FINALIZES THE DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS AFSC (CAREER FIELD) BECOMES A BIAS IN THE NEW SYSTEM.

	* AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	46	36		18
ACSC	45	40		15
AWC	42	32		2 6
ALL	45	37		18

These results indicate that 4 out of 10 students and over one-half the ACSC students believe that AFSC will become a bias in the award of promotion recommendations. The nonrated students' perception that there will be bias far exceeds that of the pilots. This is not surprising, this perception has been around for a long time and is not peculiar to any evaluation system. There is not a significant difference when the results are compared to the 1977 study. It is interesting that only 16% of the nonrated students believe that the Senior Raters are not qualified to decide who receives promotion recommendations, but 46% believe he will be bias in the award of promotion recommendations.

QUESTION: A SENIOR RATER (WING COMMANDER OR EQUIVALENT)
HAS A LARGE NUMBER OF OFFICERS ASSIGNED. THE WORK LOAD OF
PROVIDING PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS WILL PRECLUDE THE SENIOR
RATER FROM REVIEWING EACH OFFICER'S RECORD.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		34		39		27
ACSC		29		30		41
AWC		20		29		51
ALL		30		36		34

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL.	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		33		41		26
BRIG GENERAL		35		36		29
MAJ GENERAL		26		34		40
LT GENERAL		25		34		41
GENERAL		25		11		64

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		35		33		32
NAVIGATOR		30		36		34
NON RATED		27		38		35

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: A REVIEWING OFFICIAL (WING COMMANDER OR EQUIVALENT) MAY HAVE UP TO A HUNDRED OR MORE OERS TO REVIEW AT THE END OF A CYCLE. THE WORKLOAD WILL PRECLUDE THE REVIEWER FROM PERSONALLY REVIEWING EACH OER.

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	6.	12		27
ACSC	50	12		38
AWC	47	12		41
ALL	54	12		34

These results indicate that approximately 1 out of 3 officers believe that the Senior Rater will not have enough
time to review each officers record prior to providing promotion recommendations. This appears to be an education problem, for even if a Senior Rater has a large number of officers assigned, he provides promotion recommendations to only
those officers who are in the zone for promotion which is
usually a small number. The 1977 data strongly supports this
perception. This may have been a fact in 1977, but under the
OES, Senior Raters are required by regulation to review each
officer's record of performance prior to providing promotion
recommendations.

QUESTION: AT UNIT LEVEL, AN ADVISORY BOARD COMPOSED OF SENIOR OFFICERS SHOULD ASSIST THE SENIOR RATER IN PROVIDING PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS.

SCHOOL

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS		54		29		17
ACSC		46		34		20
AWC		53		25		22
ALL		53		29		18

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		5 5		29		16
BRIG GENERAL		50		28		22
MAJ GENERAL		53		28		19
LT GENERAL		52		29		19
GENERAL		48		32		22

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		46		3 8		16
NAVIGATOR		67		23		10
NON RATED		53		25		22

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: A SENIOR OFFICER ADVISORY BOARD SHOULD REVIEW ALL OERS (ACCUMULATED DURING A CYCLE) AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE REVIEWING OFFICIAL.

	× A	GREE	%	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	5	0		35		15
ACSC	4	6		33		21
AWC	4	6		30		24
ALL	4	8		33		19

One out of every two students believe Senior Raters should utilize an advisory board to provide fair treatment in the allocation of promotion recommendations. This is very similar to the attitudes of the students in 1977. This may indicate that there is a perception that a board process decreases any bias or personality conflicts.

QUESTION: THE NEW OFFICER PERFORMANCE REPORT AND THE PROMOTION RECOMMENDATION WILL CARRY A DISPROPORTIONATE WEIGHT IN ANY SELECTION PROCESS WHEN COMPARED WITH THE OLD OERS.

SCHOOL

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
SOS		26		56		18
ACSC		39		39		22
AWC		49		28		23
ALL		33		47		20

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST DER

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		25		58		17
BRIG GENERAL		30		50		20
MAJ GENERAL		33		45		22
LT GENERAL		44		3 3		23
GENERAL		53		29		18

AFRONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	%	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		31		47		22
NAVIGATOR		29		55		16
NON RATED		35		45		20

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: UNTIL A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF NEW OERS HAVE BEEN ADDED TO EACH OFFICER'S SELECTION FOLDER, THE NEW OERS WILL CARRY A DISPROPORTIONATE WEIGHT IN ANY SELECTION PROCESS.

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
SOS	70	18	12
ACSC	77	16	7
AWC	82	10	8
ALL	75	16	9

The OES formal briefings highlighted the fact that the new OES will be only one part of an officer's record and that the entire record will be used in any selection process. But overall, it appears that the students have a wait and see attitude. In the 1977 survey, 75% of the students agreed that the new OER would carry a disproportionate weight in any selection process.

QUESTION: A RATEE'S CHANCE OF RECEIVING A DEFINITELY PROMOTE RECOMMENDATION WILL NOT BE AFFECTED BY GROUP SIZE.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	* NEUTRAL	* DISAGREE
SOS	13	23	64
ACSC	14	21	85
AWC	23	16	61
ALL	15	21	64

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	% A	GREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL	10	8		24		60
BRIG GENERAL	1	0		25		65
MAJ GENERAL	1	2		17		71
LT GENERAL	2	0		17		63
GENERAL	1	4		18		68

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		18		22		60
NAVIGATOR		11		29		60
NON RATED		14		19		67

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: ONE REVIEWER HAS FIVE OERS THAT MUST BE RE-VIEWED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD DISTRIBUTION WHILE AN-OTHER REVIEWER HAS 98. A RATEE'S CHANCE OF RECEIVING A HIGH RATING WOULD NOT BE AFFECTED BY GROUP SIZE.

	% AGREL	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	1.5	9		76
ACSC	15	9		76
AUC	18	6		76
ALL	15	9		76

These results indicate that a large percentage of students feel that group size will affect their ratings. Most of the students perceive that their chances are better if they are competing for a large, rather than a small number of definitely promote recommendations. The perception was very similar in 1977.

QUESTION: AN OFFICER IS A MEMBER OF A UNIT THAT DUE TO ITS SMALL SIZE DOES NOT EARN A DEFINITE PROMOTE RECOMMENDATION. THIS OFFICER MUST COMPETE FOR HIS OR HER PROMOTION RECOMMENDATION AT THE COMMAND EVALUATION BOARD. THIS IS A FAIR AND EQUITABLE PROCESS FOR THIS OFFICER.

SCHOOL

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
SOS		10		4C		50
ACSC		14		22		64
AWC		14		29		57
ALL		12		35		53

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL	11	43		46
BRIG GENERAL	9	40		51
MAJ GENERAL	15	19		66
LT GENERAL	14	29		57
GENERAL	11	28		61

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	%	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		16		34		50
NAVIGATOR		9		38		53
NON RATED		10		35		55

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: AN OFFICER BEING RATED WORKS FOR A REVIEWING OFFICIAL (I.E. WING COMMANDER) WHO MUST FORWARD RATEE'S OER TO A HIGHER LEVEL FOR REVIEW. THE OER WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS AT THE HIGHER LEVEL. THIS IS FAIR AND EQUITABLE FOR THE RATEE.

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
SOS	23	27	50
ACSC	21	16	63
AWC	27	20	53
ALL	23	22	55

These results indicate that a very small percentage of the students feel the command evaluation board for small units is a fair process. This could also be an education problem for the students may not realize that their Senior Rater is a member of this board. The perception was similar in 1977.

QUESTION: THE MAJCOM BOARD'S ABILITY TO AWARD ADDITIONAL DEFINITELY PROMOTE RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDES AN EFFECTIVE METHOD TO ACCOUNT FOR ANY UNFAIR DISTRIBUTION OF TALENT.

SCHOOL

	% AGF	REE %	NEUTRAL	×	DISAGREE
SOS	31		49		20
ACSC	19		39		42
AWC	27		35		38
ALL	28		45		27

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	% AGREE	% NE	UTRAL %	DISAGREE
COLONEL	33	51		16
BRIG GENERAL	33	46	;	21
MAJ GENERAL	23	45	}	32
LT GENERAL	23	33	l	44
GENERAL	18	36	}	46

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		30		46		24
NAVIGATOR		27		44		29
NON RATED		27		45		28

These results indicate that there is a perception that the MAJCOM board is not a fair method to deal with an unfair distribution of talent. This is particularly the case with the ACSC students. There is a large population with a wait and see attitude. This perception may be a result of a limited knowledge of the board process.

QUESTION: THE CENTRALIZED AFMPC BOARD FOR STUDENTS PCS TO FORMAL SCHOOL (AWC-ACSC-AFIT) ALLOWS THESE STUDENTS TO COMPETE FAIRLY FOR PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS.

SCHOOL

	* AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	20	65		15
ACSC	15	27		58
AWC	10	26		64
ALL	17	51		32

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
COLONEL		20		66		14
BRIG GENERAL		23		57		20
MAJ GENERAL		15		45		40
LT GENERAL		12		27		61
GENERAL		14		18		68

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	%	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		15		49		36
NAVIGATOR		19		51		30
NON RATED		19		51		30

These results indicate that the SOS students are fairly neutral on the subject but the ACSC and AWC feel very strongly that this not a fair procedure. This in balance in opinion may be a result of the SOS students not meeting a board while in school. It is interesting that the negative perception steadily increases as the data is analyzed according to the level of OER endorsement.

QUESTION: AN OFFICER MUST PCS JUST PRIOR TO EITHER HIS IPZ OR BTZ WINDOW FOR PROMOTION. THIS OFFICER DOES NOT HAVE AN UNFAIR DISADVANTAGE WHEN COMPETING FOR A PROMOTION RECOMMENDATION.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	* NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
50S	6	33	61
ACSC	8	24	68
AWC	13	26	61
ALL	8	30	62

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	% A	GREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		8		33		59
BRIG GENERAL		5		36		59
MAJ GENERAL		4		25		71
LT GENERAL	1	1		24		65
GENERAL	1	8		29		53

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	×	DISAGREE
PILOT	10	30		60
NAVIGATOR	5	32		63
NON RATED	7	30		63

Although there is a significant number of neutral attitudes, there is a strong perception that a new officer may not be able to compete fairly with the "old heads". This perception is certainly not peculiar to the OES, but it does reflect the students' insecurity about receiving a PCS at the wrong time.

QUESTION: THE NEW OES ALLOWS AN OFFICER TO RECOVER FROM A HONEST MISTAKE.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	30	48		22
ACSC	23	49		28
AWC	42	41		17
ALL	31	47		22

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
COLONEL		32		50		18
BRIG GENERAL		29		46		25
MAJ GENERAL		26		45		29
LT GENERAL		34		44		22
GENERAL		36		46		18

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT	30	47		23
NAV I GATOR	23	49		28
NON RATED	34	47		19

These results indicate a healthy attitude with almost i out of 3 students believing that you can recover from a honest mistake, with another 47% of the students expressing a wait and see attitude. It is important that we have an officer corps that is willing to take some risk in making it a better. Air Force and these results indicate a good attitude with only 22% of the students believing you can not recover from a honest mistake.

SUMMARY

Overall the respondents viewed the OES as a fair system . with many of the students expressing a wait and see attitude. They expressed confidence in the qualification and integrity of our mid-level and senior leadership and they appear satisfied with the decision level where the promotion recommendations are managed. There is also general acceptance and support for the OES' focus on job performance. The students expressed concern over many areas that are not unique to the OES but apply to any evaluation system. These areas are: AFSC bias by the rater, PCS timing, and geographic separation from the rater. The students do not appear to be convinced that the MAJCOM Board for small units and the process for obtaining additional Definitely Promote rating is in all cases a fair process. In addition, the students do not feel that the centralized AFMPC board for PCS students is an absolutely fair process. But despite these concerns, overall the students expressed a good or receptive attitude towards the new URG. The next section will analyze the impact of the new OES on the officer corps' career aspirations.

CAREER ASPIRATIONS

QUESTION: THERE IS NO STIGHA ATTACHED TO AN INDIVIDUAL WHO RECEIVES A PROMOTE VERSES AN INDIVIDUAL WHO RECEIVES A DEFINITELY PROMOTE RECOMMENDATION.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	10	25		65
ACSC	8	19		73
AWC	10	15		75
ALL	10	22		68

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
COLONEL		15		19		66
BRIG GENERAL		9		20		71
MAJ GENERAL		7		24		69
LT GENERAL		11		16		73
GENERAL						

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
FILOT		11		27		62
NAVIGATOR		7		18		75
NON RATED		11		16		73

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: THER IS NO STIGMA ATACHED TO A "3" RATING.

<u>SCHOOL</u>

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
SOS	10	8	82
ACSC	6	5	89
AWC	6	4	90
ALL	8	6	86

These results indicate that there is a significant perception that there is stigma associated with receiving a promote recommendation even though the promotion recommendation is not a permanent part of an officer's record. This perception should decrease as promotion board results prove the promotability of a "Promote" recommendation. This perception, although not as strong as the stigma associated with a three rating in 1977 is still significant and could influence a individuals career aspirations.

QUESTION: UNDER THE NEW OES, I WOULD NOT OPPOSE AN ASSIGNMENT TO A HIGHLY COMPETITIVE JOB AT A MAJCOM OR HQ AIR FORCE.

SCHOOL

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
SOS		52		34		14
ACSC		59		28		13
AWC		49		33		18
ALL		53		33		14

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

1	% AGREE	% NEUTRA	L % DISAGREE
COLONEL	52	35	13
BRIG GENERAL	50	37	13
MAJ GENERAL	55	26	19
LT GENERAL	52	35	13
GENERAL	57	25	18

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		44		38		18
NAVIGATOR		55		30		i5
NON RATED		57		31		12

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM, I WOULD NOT OPPOSE AN ASSIGNMENT TO A HIGHLY COMPETITIVE JOB AT MAJOR AIR COMMAND OR AIR STAFF LEVEL.

	% AGREE	* NEUTRAL	% DISAGRE	ΞE
SOS	53	18	29	
ACSC	62	15	23	
AWC	67	15	19	
ALL	59	17	24	

These results indicate the students willingness to accept a challenge and their confidence that they can compete fairly at any level. It also indicates their perception of the importance of high level assignments and responsibility.

QUESTION: PROMOTION BOARDS WILL GIVE ADDED WEIGHT TO THE OFFICER PERFORMANCES AND PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS RECEIVED BY AN OFFICER WHILE AT HIGHER LEVELS OF ASSIGNMENT AND RESPONSIBILITY.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	42	46	12
ACSC	60	32	8
AWC	5 0	32	18
ALL	46	41	13

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	41	48	11
BRIG GENERAL	35	47	18
MAJ GENERAL	64	27	9
LT GENERAL	52	37	11
GENERAL	46	29	25

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	46	47	7
NAVIGATOR	53	37	10
NON RATED	45	39	16

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: PROMOTION BOARDS GIVE ADDED WEIGHT TO THE OERS RECEIVED BY AN OFFICER WHILE AT HIGHER LEVELS OF ASSIGNMENT AND RESPONSIBILITY.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	82	14	4
ACSC	80	16	4
AWC	89	10	i
ALL	82	14	4

This data indicates that the students perceive that the promotion recommendations received at higher levels of responsibility receive added weight during promotion board proceedings. This is a healthy attitude in that it would seem to encourage individuals to seek positions of increased responsibility.

QUESTION: THE NEW GES HAS HAD A POSITIVE IMPACT ON MY CAREER INTENTIONS.

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	19	63		18
ACSC	5	62		33
AWC	5	59		36
ALL	14	62		24

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL		18		66		16
BRIG GENERAL		22		55		23
MAJ GENERAL		9		62		29
LT GENERAL		3		61		36
GENERAL		11		64		25

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		12		58		30
NAVIGATOR		16		69		15
NON RATED		14		63		23

These results indicate that the OES has had little ef-

QUESTION: IF AN OFFICER DOES NOT RECEIVE A DEFINITELY PROMOTE RECOMMENDATION IN THE PRIMARY ZONE FOR PROMOTION TO CAPTAIN, THIS OFFICER SHOULD CONSIDER HIMSELF COMPETITIVE ENOUGH TO PURSUE THE AIR FORCE AS A CAREER.

SCHOOL

	% A	GREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	3	7		35		28
ACSC	3	4		32		34
AWC	3	4		28		37
ALL	3	6		33		31

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

•	& AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL	37	35		28
BRIG GENERAL	42	28		30
MAJ GENERAL	28	41		31
LT GENERAL	31	30		39
GENERAL	54	21		25

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	%	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
PILOT		37		30		33
NAVIGATOR		23		37		40
NON RATED		39		34		27

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: IF AN OFFICER HAD NO DER HIGHER OR LOWER THAN A "3" COMING INTO THE PRIMARY ZONE FOR PROMOTION TO "CAPTAIN", HE SHOULD CONSIDER HIMSELF COMPETITIVE ENDUGH TO PURSUE THE AIR FORCE AS A CAREER.

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	31	19		50
ACSC	21	9		70
AWC	33	10		57
ALL	28	13		59

These results indicate a evenly split opinion on the impact of receiving a promote recommendation for promotion to captain. When compared to the 1977 data it appears that there is less of a negative perception identified with a promote recommendation than associated with a "3" rating.

QUESTION: MY OPPORTUNITY FOR REACHING PERSONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES IN THE AIR FORCE HAS NOT BEEN AFFECTED BY THE NEW OES.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	45	39	16
ACSC	49	30	21
AWC	56	27	17
ALL	48	35	17

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	47	41	12
BRIG GENERAL	49	35	16
MAJ GENERAL	43	34	23
LT GENERAL	48	31	21
GENERAL	61	14	25

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	56	32	12
NAVIGATOR	43	35	22
NON RATED	45	37	18

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: MY OPPORTUNITY FOR REACHING PERSONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES IN THE AIR FORCE HAS NOT BEEN AFFECTED BY THE NEW SYSTEM.

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	47	24	29
ACSC	43	23	34
AWC	51	17	32
ALL	46	22	32

QUESTION: MY CHANCES OF BEING PROMOTED HAVE BEEN EN-HANCED BY THE NEW OES.

SCH00L

	% AGREE	* NEUTRAL	% DISAGREE
SOS	19	57	24
ACSC	9	47	44
AWC	3	57	40
ALL	14	55	31

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
COLONEL	20	56		
BRIG GENERAL	16	60		4
MAJ GENERAL	15	50		35
LT GENERAL	3	56		41
GENERAL	7	50		43

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	×	DISAGREE
PILOT		10		59		31
NAVIGATOR		17		55		28
NON RATED		16		53		31

1977 SURVLY

QUESTION: MY CHANCES OF BEING PROMOTED HAVE BEEN EN-HANCED BY THE NEW OER SYSTEM.

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	32	45		23
ACSC	18	46		36
AWC	30	37		33
ALL	27	44		29

The results of the last two questions indicates that the students perceive that the OES has had very little influence on their promotability or career aspirations. Certainly this is a $_{k}$ -lattitude and indicates that the new OES has caused little controversy.

SUMMARY

In summary, the results seem to indicate that the introduction of the new OES has been successful and although a wait and see attitude in prevalent, the OES has resulted in little controversy, or negative impact on the career aspirations of the students. The next section will analyze the impact of the new OES on officer's performance and motivation.

PERFORMANCE AND MOTIVATION

QUESTION: AN OFFICER WHO RECEIVED A LONG STRING OF ONE RATINGS UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM NOW RECEIVES A "PROMOTE" RECOM-MENDATION UNDER THE NEW OES. HIS PERFORMANCE IS APT TO DE-CLINE BECAUSE OF THIS RECOMMENDATION.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	18	48	34
ACSC	27	45	28
AWC	18	3 5	47
ALL	20	45	35

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	18	50	32
BRIG GENERAL	19	40	41
MAJ GENERAL	23	50	27
LT GENERAL	22	34	44
GENERAL	21	43	36

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	16	47	37
NAVIGATOR	26	47	27
NON RATED	20	43	37

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: AN OFFICER WHO HAD RECEIVED SEVERAL STRAIGHT "9-4" OFFICER UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM NOW RECEIVES A "3" UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM. HIS PERFORMANCE IS APT TO DECLINE BECAUSE OF THIS RATING.

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOF	41	27	32
AC3U	49	22	29
AWC	56	20	24
ALL	47	24	29

These results indicate that the students do not perceive that a "Promote" recommendation would impact a officers performance. The promote recommendation is not perceived in the negative terms that a "3" was viewed in 1977 when 50% of the students believed a "3" rating would decrease an officers motivation.

QUESTION: THE NEW OES CAUSES SUBORDINATES TO BECOME "YES MEN."

SCHOOL

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	% DIS	AGREE
SOS	21	44	35	
ACSC	24	36	40	
AWC	20	29	51	
ALL	21	40	39	

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
COLONEL	18		43		39
BRIG GENERAL	25		44		31
MAJ GENERAL	23		42		35
LT GENERAL	24		32		44
GENERAL	11		28		61

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	*	AGREE	*	NEUTRAL	%	DISAGREE
PILOT		20		38		42
NAVIGATOR		27		43		30
NON RATED		20		40		40

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: THE NEW OER SYSTEM CAUSES SUBORDINATES TO BE-

	% AGREE	% NEUTRAL	*	DISAGREE
SOS	30	29		41
ACSC	33	28		39
AWC	34	18		48
ALL	32	26		42

Almost 80% of the students were neutral or did not agree that the OES would cause officers to become "yes men." The perception in 1977 was not significantly different in that 68% believed that the new OER would not cause officers to become "yes men."

SUMMARY

Although the data is relatively limited, the results appear to indicate that the new OES is perceived to have had little impact on performance and motivation. However, one out of five students think that an officers performance might decline after receiving a promote recommendation. The next section will analyze the OES' impact on competition and co-operation.

COMPETITION AND COOPERATION

QUESTION: AN OFFICER IS BEING RATED BY ANOTHER OFFICER OF EQUAL RANK. THE CONTROLLED DISTRIBUTION OF THE PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS WILL HAVE NO INFLUENCE ON THE RATING.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	11	41	48
ACSC	13	40	47
AWC	20	35	45
AL-L	14	39	47

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	12	42	46
BRIG GENERAL	15	41	44
MAJ GENERAL	12	37	51
LT GENERAL	17	37	46
GENERAL	18	29	53

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	15	41	44
NAVIGATOR	11	41	48
NON RATED	12	38	50

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: AN OFFICER IS BEING RATED BY ANOTHER OFFICER OF EQUAL RANK. THE CONTROLLED DISTRIBUTION ASPECT OF THE NEW GER SYSTEM WILL HAVE NO EFFECT ON THE RATING.

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISACREE
SOS	10	14	76
ACSC	16	18	66
AWC	12	18	70
ALL	13	16	71

Almost one-half of the officers perceive that the competition between officers will influence their rating if rated by an officer of equal rank. This perception was even more prevalent during the 1977 time frame. This perception could be caused by a lack of knowledge by the students. In most cases, under the OES officers compete for promotion recommendations with only officers in their specific year group. It would be very unusual for an officer to be rated by an officer who is in the same year group.

QUESTION: UNDER THE NEW DES, COMPETITION FOR A GIVEN QUOTA OF PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS IS A FACT. THIS COMPETITIVE ENVIRONENT IS NOT SO INTENSE AS TO CHALLENGE THE BASIC INTEGRITY OF THE OFFICER CORPS.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SGS	34	47	19
ACSC	41	34	25
AWC	56	29	15
ALL	40	41	19

ENDORSEMENT LEVI'L-LAST OER

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	37	45	18
BRIG GENERAL	36	49	15
MAJ GENERAL	35	42	23
LT GENERAL	47	31	22
GENERAL	64	25	11

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	45	41	14
NAVIGATOR	37	41	21
NON RATED	38	42	20

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: UNDER THE NEW OER SYSTEM, COMPETITION FOR A GIVEN QUOTA OF TOP BLOCK RATINGS IS A FACT. THIS INHERENT COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT IS NOT 30 INTENSE AS TO CHALLENGE THE BASIC INTEGRITY OF THE OFFICER CORPS.

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	40	20	39
ACSC	43	20	37
AVC	51	17	32
ALL	43	20	37

These results reflect a good attitude towards the integrity of the officer corps and the impact of the quota system. During the 1977 time frame nearly twice the number of students believed that the competition challenged the integrity of the officer corps.

QUESTION: THE CONTROLLED DISTRIBUTION OF PROMOTION RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE NEW OES WILL HAVE AN UNFAVORABLE EFFECT ON PEER GROUP COOPERATION.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	23	51	26
ACSC	39	32	29
AWC	31	31	38
ALL	27	44	29

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OFR

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	22	50	28
BRIG GENERAL	26	51	23
MAJ GENERAL	30	37	33
LT GENERAL	33	36	31
GENERAL	36	28	36

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	24	39	37
NAVIGATOR	31	37	32
NON RATED	28	48	24

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: THE CONTROLLED DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS HAS AN UNFAVORABLE EFFECT UPON PEER GROUP COOPERATION.

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	51	20	29
ACSC	61	20	19
AWC	63	18	19
ALL	57	20	23

These results indicate a wait and see attitude on the affect of competition on peer group cooperation. In 1977 nearly twice the number of students though there was an unfarvorable impact on peer group cooperation.

QUESTION: COMPETITION AMONG PEERS WILL BE MORE PERSONAL AND INTENSE UNDER THE NEW GES.

SCHOOL

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	38	42	20
ACSC	45	27	28
AWC	47	25	28
ALL	41	36	23

ENDORSEMENT LEVEL-LAST OER

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
COLONEL	36	41	23
BRIG GENERAL	39	40	21
MAJ GENERAL	48	30	22
LT GENERAL	44	29	27
GENERAL	50	29	21

AERONAUTICAL RATING

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
PILOT	35	34	31
NAVIGATOR	39	44	17
NON RATED	45	34	21

1977 SURVEY

QUESTION: COMPETITION AMONG PEERS IS MORE PERSONAL AND INTENSE (CUT THROAT) UNDER THE NEW SYSTEM.

	AGREE	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE
SOS	60	17	23
ACSC	64	20	16
AWC	64	13	23
ALL	62	18	20

A significant number of students do feel that the competition will be more intense under the new OES. This perception is significantly less than in 1977 when 62% of the students had this perception.

SUMMARY

Overall the results indicate not only a good attitude, but a better acceptance of the OES and its quota system now than in 1977. Only a very small percentage currently feel that the competition will challenge the integrity of the officer corps or have a significant impact on cooperation.

CHAPTER V

WRITTEN COMMENTS

There were a total of 153 written comments submitted by the respondents. An analysis of the written comments indicate that the students like the focus on job performance and the requirement to provide feedback to our junior officers. They also expressed confidence in the Senior Rater's ability to award promotion recommendations. But they did indicate significant concern over the fairness of the centralized MPC Board for PCS students. They indicated that they perceived that their chances for a below-the-zone promotion during their years at AWC and ACSC had been significantly reduced. They also indicated that they felt while attending resident PME their chances of receiving a "Definite Promote" while in the primary zone for promotion was also decreased due to the quality of officers they are required to compete with their promotion recommendation. This perception may not have been as prevalent if the survey was not restricted to PME students.

CHAPTER VI

CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

As stated earlier, the significance of an evaluation system cannot be under estimated for it is a key factor in motivation, promotion, assignments, reduction in force and ultimately mission accomplishment. The introduction and acceptance of the new OES has a very important impact on the attitudes and morale of the officer corps.

The results of this study indicates that over 60% of the officers agreed that we needed a new evaluation system and only 11% of the respondents indicated that they are not pleased with the OES. A large number of officers have expressed a "wait and see" or neutral opinion. This expresses a receptive attitude and indicates that the Air Force has been successful in the formulation and introduction of the new OES.

The students also indicated that they view the new OES as a fair system and expressed confidence in the qualifications and integrity of our senior leaders and they are satisfied with the decision level where promotion recommendations are managed. The survey results also indicate that the new OES has had very little impact on the career aspirations or motivation of the respondents. And although they are not convinced that a quota system is the best method or managing

inflation, they perceive that the new OES will have little impact on competition and cooperation among the officer corps.

The students did express concern over many areas that are not unique to the OES but apply to any evaluation system. These areas are AFSC bias by the senior rater, PCS timing, and geographic separation between the ratee and the rater. In addition, the students did express concern over some areas that are unique to the OES. The students are not convinced that the MAJCOM board is necessarily a fair process. This may be a result of a lack of understanding of the process and could be eliminated by education. The officers may not realize that their senior rater is a member of this board and will personally represent the individuals interest.

The only areas of significant concern that the students have identified is their concern over the fairness of the AFMPC centralized board for students in PCS status (AWC, ACSC, and AFIT). Obviously this concern reflects on the current status of the respondents and may not have surfaced if a different population of the Air Force was surveyed.

The first area of concern was over the fairness of the process for obtaining promotion recommendations for officers in PCS student status and in the primary zone for promotion. Currently, the students selected to attend AWC and ACSC are ranked in the top percentages of their year group. At the centralized board for PCS students at MPC, these officers

compete as a group for the same percentages of promotion recommendations that is applied to the rest of the Air Force.

Obviously, the competition for promotion recommendations is keener at this board than an officer would face at a wing level position. This is a misperception by the students, for this increased competition does not impact the promotability of these officers. because of the promotability of a "Promote" recommendation. Overall this is a perception is not founded on a valid problem and could be cleared by increased education.

The students other area of concern, which appears to be valid, is their discomfort with the fairness of the process for PCS students to obtain their below-the-zone promotion recommendation. The students at AWC and ACSC have above average performance records and are at the top of their year groups. The centralized AFMPC board requires the students to compete as a group for below-the-zone promotion recommendations. Obviously the competition in this environment is significantly greater than officer would face in other environments in the Air Force. This increased competition reduces the students opportunity to have his record reviewed at the centralized promotion board.

In summary: the OES has been successfully introduced and there is a very receptive attitude and it has caused very little controversy among the officer corps. In almost every

category, the attitudes and perceptions of the students indicate a much better acceptance of the OES than existed in 1977 with the controlled OER.

RECOMMENDATION

AFMPC continue their current OES education program and that they establish procedures that place the responsibility for managing below-the-zone promotion recommendations for PCS students with the student's previous MAJCOM.

APPENDIX A

QUESTIONNAIRE
OFFICER EVALUATION SYSTEM

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. You should need about 25 minutes to complete the questionnaire and prepare your written comments.
- 2. Once completed, please seal both the questionnaire and answer sheet in the pre-addressed return envelope and place in distribution.
- 3. The answer sheet is designed for machine scanning of your response so please use a number 2 ps i and observe the following requirements:

Do not enter your name or Ss/

Make heavy black marks that fill the spaces.

Erase clearly any answer you wish to change.

Make no stray markings on the answer sheet.

Do not staple, tear, or fold the answer sheet.

Thank you for your cooperation.

PART I OFFICER EVALUATION SYSTEM (OES)

Using the scale below, indicate how much you agree of disagree with each of the following statements.

AGREE -----DISAGREE
A B C

- 1. The new OES is here to stay.
- 2. The OES's controlled distribution of promotion recommendations is a fair method of eliminating inflation.
- 3. There is no stigma attached to an individual who receives a "Promote" verses an individual who receives a "Definitely Promote" recommendation.
- 4. Senior raters (Wing Commanders or equivalent) are qualified to provide below-the-zone promotion recommendations.
- 5. The new OES has had a positive impact on my career intentions.
- 6. There is very little difference between the new OES and the old $^{1}-2-3^{\circ}$ system.
- 7. The MAJCOM Board's ability to award additional "Definitely Promote" recommendations provides an effective method to account for any unfair distribution of talent.
- 8. The centralized AFMPC board for students "PCS to a formal school" (AWC-ACSC-AFIT) allows these students to compete fairly for promotion recommendations.
- 9. The new OES allows an officer to recover from a honest mistake.
- 10. The truly outstanding officer is identified more easily under the new OES.
- ii. The controlled distribution of promotion recommendations in the new OES will have an unfavorable effect on peer group cooperation.
- 12. Competition among pours will be more personal and intense under the new OES.
- 13. The new OES will cause subordinates to become "yes men."
- 14. If an officer does not receive a "Definitely Promote" recommendation in the primary zone for promotion to captain, this officer should consider himself competitive enough to pursue the Air Force as a career.

AGREE -----DISAGREE
A
B
C

- 15. My chances of being promoted have been enhanced by the new 0.55.
- 16. The percentage of "Definitely Promote" ratings available at each rank should not be increased or decreased depending on the level of assignment.
- 17. The frequency of contact between the rates and the senior rater is an important consideration under the OES.
- 18. Off-duty activities (social, civic, etc.) will play a more important role in influencing the rating process under the new OES than under the old rating system.
- 10. Under the new OES, competition for a given quota of promotion recommendations is a fact. This competitive environment is so intense as to challenge the basic integrity of the officer corps.
- 20. An officer who had received a long string of one ratings under the old OER system now receives a "Promote" recommendation under the new OES. His performance is apt to decline because of this recommendation.
- 21. An officer is being rated by another officer of equal rank. The controlled distribution of the promotion recommendations will have no influence on the rating.
- 22. My opportunity for reaching personal goals and objectives in the Air Force has not been affected by the new OES.
- 23. Promotion boards will give added weight to the Officer Performance Reports and Promotion Recommendations received by an officer while at higher levels of assignment and responsibility.
- 24. Under the new OES, I would not oppose an assignment to a highly competitive job at a MAJCOM or HQ Air Force.
- 25. The extremely high number of officers that received a top rating on the old OER required a new evaluation system.
- 26. Under the new OES, graduate education and PME are less important than under the old system.
- 27. I am generally pleased with the new OES.
- 28. Officers who are geographically separated from their senior rater are in an unfavorable position under the new OES.

- 29. At unit level, an advisory board composed of senior officers should assist the senior rater in providing promotion recommendations.
- 30. When the senior rater finalizes the promotion recommendations, AFSC (career field) becomes a bias in the new OES.
- 31. A ratee's chance of receiving a "Definitely Promote" recommendation will not be affected by group size.
- 32. An officer is a member of a unit that due to its small size does not earn a "Definitely Promote" recommendation. This officer must compete for his or her promotion recommendation at the command evaluation board. This is a fair and equitable process for this officer.
- 33. In today's Air Force environment, the inflation of officer evaluations can be best managed with a controlled quota of promotion recommendations.
- 34. Senior raters are generally qualified to decide who actually receives promotion recommendations.
- 35. Raters and additional raters are generally qualified to recommend who should receive "Definitely Promote" recommendations.
- 36. A senior rater (Wing Commander or equivalent) has a large number of officers assigned. The work load of providing promotion recommendations will preclude the senior rater from reviewing each officer's record.
- 37. The new Officer Performance Reports and the Promotion Recommendations will carry a disproportionate weight in any selection process when compared to the old OERS.
- 38. An officer must PCS just prior to either his IPZ or BPZ window for promotion. This afficer does not have an unfair disadvantage when competing for a promotion recommendation.

PART II GENERAL INFORMATION

39.	Current rank.
	a. Lt
	b. Capt
	c. Haj
	d. Lt Col
	e. Col
40.	Years in current grade.
	a. 1 or less
	b. 2
	c. 3
	d. 4
	e. 5 or greater
41.	Total Active Federal Service Commission Date (TAFSCD).
	a. 1983-1987
	b. 1978-1982
	c. 1973-1977
	d. 1968-1972
	e. 1967 or earlier
42.	Aeronautical rating.
	a. Pilot
	b. Navigator
	c. Non-Rated
43.	Highest level of assignment held.
	a. SQ
	b. Wg_
	c. NAF or Intermediate Hq
	d. MAJCOM
	e. Hq USAF or higher
44.	Most recent OER closeout level.
	a. Col
	b. Brig Gen
	c. Maj Gen d. Lt Gen
	e. Gen
	e. Gen
45.	Years experience as a rating or reviewing official on OERs. a. 0-2
	b. 3-4
	c. 5-6
	d. 7-8
	e. 9 or greater
46.	Your estimate of your level of knowledge of the new OES.
	a. Very detailed
	b. Detailed
	c. General
	d. Uninformed

47. Your primary source of information on the OES.

- a. Formal briefings
- b. News articles
- c. Training classes

PART III WRITTEN COMMENTS

We are interested in any comments or suggestions you have concerning the new Officer Evaluation System (OES). In addition to your general comments, request you list the two things you like best and least about the OES.

COMMENTS:

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